APPENDIX A(ii)

Budget Consultation 2017-20

Equality Impact Assessments

Proposal	Page
1. Youth Service	2
2. Out of County Placements	6
3. School Improvement (ERW)	9
4. Libraries	12
5. Catering Service – School Meals	22
6. Older People and Physical Disabilities Day Services	26
7. Parking Services	32
8. Educational Psychology	36
9a. Sport and Leisure – Community Leisure Centres (Drefach)	43
9b. Sport and Leisure – Community Leisure Centres (St Clears)	49
10. Cleansing	56
11. School Transport Policy Review	60
12. Music Service	68
13. Housing and Public Protection – Grants to Voluntary Sector	81
14. Special Education Needs	86
15. Delegated School Budget	93

1. Youth Services

Department:	Completed by (lead):	Date of initial assessment:			
Department for Education and Children	Gill Adams	14 th December 2015			
		Revision Dates:			
		30 December 2016			
Area to be assessed: (i.e. name of policy, function,	Youth Service use of the Quay Centre, Carmarthen.				
procedure, practice or a financial decision)	2017-18 £20k				
Is this existing or new function/policy, procedure, pr	Is this existing or new function/policy, procedure, practice or decision? Existing function				
What evidence has been used to inform the assessment and policy? (please list only)					

1. Describe the aims, objectives or purpose of the proposed function/policy, practice, procedure or decision and who is intended to benefit.

The Quay Centre Carmarthen will cease to be used by the Youth Support Service (on or before 31st March 2017) and handed over to the LA Corporate Property Service for alternative use. This may produce income for the County Council. Re distributing activities from The Quay Centre will require some planning and require agreements with other locations and providers and is not guaranteed to be fully cost neutral at this stage. There will be maintenance costs for the service (base heating, rates etc) until such time as the building is sold, therefore an exit strategy is being worked up currently.

The Public Sector Equality Duty requires the Council to have "due regard" to the need to:- (1) eliminate unlawful discrimination, harassment	2. What is the level of impact on each group/ protected characteristics in terms of the three aims of the duty?	Identify the risk or post for each of the group/pro	sitive effect that could result tected characteristics?	4. If there is a disproportionately negative impact what mitigating factors have you considered?
and victimisation; (2) advance equality of opportunity between different groups; and (3) foster good relations between different groups	Please indicate high (H) medium (M), low (L), no effect (N) for each.	Risks Positive effects		
(see guidance notes)				
Age	L	The Quay Centre is used for post 16 Youth Work currently; this includes a 'drop in' for young people and young adults once per week; Youth Workers also carry out one to one work with young people and young adults within the building. The building is also used for staff meetings and meetings with partners and stakeholders.	Relocation opportunities are being investigated within the town. Talks are being advanced with one location for accommodating youth activity, which is more central and, arguably, more suitable for Youth service activity compared to the Quay Centre. Other locations are also being investigated for specific activity such as adult	Transition plan to be formulated so that potentially vulnerable young people are not untowardly affected during the move to the new location.

			group usage.	
	Disability	N		
	Gender reassignment	N		
	Race	N		
	Religion/Belief	N		
	Pregnancy and maternity	N		
	Sexual Orientation	N		
	Sex	N		
~ a	Welsh language	N		
	Any other area	N		Currently no Youth Service staff are based at the Quay Centre; their office base is Parc Dewi Sant and therefore there would be no impact upon their office location.

5. Has there been any consultation/engagement with the appropriate	
protected characteristics?	NO

6. What action(s) will you ta	ke to reduce any disproportionately negati	ve impact, if a	ny?			
•	ues for the delivery of the work currently under as alternative venues for the engagement of		-	re. There are alternative suitable facilities available within Carmarthen town by Youth Workers.		
Meeting rooms are available	at Parc Dewi Sant and therefore there should	be no negative	impact in	terms of arranging and holding staff and partnership meetings.		
7. Procurement						
Following collation of evide	ence for this assessment, are there any pro	curement imp	lications	to the activity, proposal, service.		
Please take the findings of	this assessment into your procurement pla	n. Contact the	corpora	te procurement unit for further advice.		
8. Human resources	8. Human resources					
Following collation of evidence for this assessment, are there any Human resource implications to the activity, proposal or service?						
9. Based on the information in sections 2 and 6, should this function/policy/procedure/practice or a decision proceed to Detailed Impact Assessment? (recommended if one or more H under section 2)						
Approved by:			Date:			
Head of Service	Aeron Rees	30 December 2016				

2. Out of County Placements

Department:	Completed by (lead):	Date of initial assessment:			
Education & Children	Stefan Smith	30 December 2016			
		Revision Dates:			
Area to be assessed: (i.e. name of policy, function, procedure, practice or a financial decision)	Out of County placements 2019-20: £148k budget reduction				
Is this existing or new function/policy, procedure, pr	ractice or decision?	New decision			
What evidence has been used to inform the assessment and policy? (please list only)					

1. Describe the aims, objectives or purpose of the proposed function/policy, practice, procedure or decision and who is intended to benefit.	Seek to reduce the number of children or young people placed in specialist provision out of county by developing local services, including highly skilled foster placements.				
The Public Sector Equality Duty requires the Council to have "due regard" to the need to:- (1) eliminate unlawful discrimination, harassment and victimisation; (2) advance equality of opportunity between	2. What is the level of impact on each group/ protected characteristics in terms of the three aims of the duty? Please indicate high (H) medium (M), low (L), no effect (N) for each.	3. Identify the risk or positive effect that could result for each of the group/protected characteristics?	4. If there is a disproportionately negative impact what mitigating factors have you considered?		

different groups; and

(see guidance notes)

(3) foster good relations between different groups

	Age	N			
s,	Disability	N			
Protected characteristics	Gender reassignment	N			
harac	Race	N			
cted c	Religion/Belief	N			
Prote	Pregnancy and maternity	N			
	Sexual Orientation	N			
	Sex	N			
	Welsh language	N			
	Any other area	N			
5. Has protec	there been any consultation/engated characteristics?	agement with the appro	priate YES	NO 🗆	
			-		7 Page

Risks

Positive effects

6. What action(s) will you to	ike to reduce any disproportionately negati	ve impact, if a	ny? N/A		
7. Procurement					
Following collation of evide	ence for this assessment, are there any pro	curement imp	lications	to the activity, proposal, service. N	
Please take the findings of	this assessment into your procurement pla	n. Contact the	corpora	ate procurement unit for further advice.	
8. Human resources					
Following collation of evide	ence for this assessment, are there any Hur	man resource i	implicatio	ons to the activity, proposal or service? N	
9. Based on the information in sections 2 and 6, should this					
function/policy/procedure/practice or a decision proceed to Detailed Impact Assessment? (recommended if one or more H under section 2) YES NO X					
Approved by:			Date:		
Head of Service	Stefan Smith, Head of Children's Services		30 Dece	ember 2016	

3. School Improvement (ERW)

Department:	Completed by (lead):	Date of initial assessment:			
Education & Children	Gareth Morgans	20 December 2016			
		Revision Dates:			
Area to be assessed: (i.e. name of policy, function,	School Improvement (ERW)				
procedure, practice or a financial decision)	2019-20: £150k budget reduction				
Is this existing or new function/policy, procedure, pr	ractice or decision?	New decision			
What evidence has been used to inform the assessment and policy? (please list only)					

1. Describe the aims, objectives or purpose of the proposed function/policy, practice, procedure or decision and who is intended to benefit.	Review annual financial contribution to ERW on the assumption that school standards remain high and continue to improve through enhanced school to school support and collaboration, reducing the need for external intervention.				
The Public Sector Equality Duty requires the Council to have "due regard" to the need to:- (1) eliminate unlawful discrimination, harassment and victimisation; (2) advance equality of opportunity between	2. What is the level of impact on each group/ protected characteristics in terms of the three aims of the duty? Please indicate high (H) medium (M), low (L), no effect (N) for each.	3. Identify the risk or positive effect that could result for each of the group/protected characteristics?	4. If there is a disproportionately negative impact what mitigating factors have you considered?		

different groups; and

(3) foster good relations between different groups							
(see guidance notes)							
	Age	N					
cs	Disability	N					
teristi	Gender reassignment	N					
harac	Race	N					
Protected characteristics	Religion/Belief	N					
Prote	Pregnancy and maternity	N					
	Sexual Orientation	N					
	Sex	N					
	Welsh language	N					
	Any other area						
5. Has there been any consultation/engagen protected characteristics?		ment with the appropriate	YES	NO	□x		

Risks

Positive effects

		1				
6. What action(s) will you to	ake to reduce any disproportionately negat	ive impact, if a	any?			
7. Procurement						
Following collation of evide	ence for this assessment, are there any pro	curement imp	lications	to the activity, proposal, service.		
Please take the findings of	this assessment into your procurement pla	an. Contact the	e corpora	te procurement unit for further advice.		
8. Human resources						
Following collation of evide	ence for this assessment, are there any Hui	man resource	implicati	ons to the activity, proposal or service?		
	n in sections 2 and 6, should this					
	function/policy/procedure/practice or a decision proceed to Detailed Impact Assessment? (recommended if one or more H under section 2) YES NO					
Approved by:			Date:			
Head of Service Gareth Morgans, Interim Director of Education & Children's Services		on &	20 Dece	ember 2016		

4. Libraries

Department:	Completed by (lead):	Date of initial assessment: January 2017			
Communities	Mark Jewell / Wendy Tiffin/ Steffi James / Estelle Evans.	Revision Dates:			
Area to be assessed: (i.e. name of policy, function, procedure, practice or a financial decision)	Decision based on potential Financial saving due to PBB's and improving the mobile service making it fit for the 21st Century, we are looking at opportunities to work with other partners including Goals Club, Community First and Learn Direct and having an IT provision as an added service.				
Is this existing or new function/policy, procedure, practice or decision?		es			
What evidence has been used to inform the assessment and policy? (please list only)					

Consultation documents, data, statistics, user figures,

Our current Mobile Library Service has evolved on an ad-hoc basis with current routes being amended to suit user requirements, which has in turn resulted in an "over provision" of service i.e. one that exceeds the requirements of the WPLS. The current service consists of 4 staff, 4 substantial, ageing and costly vehicles, undertaking 3 or 4 weekly visits to a membership of 1,189 active mobile service users, with 715 stops, over 50 overlapping routes, averaging 1.6 users per stop.

The cost per user for the library service as a whole in 2014/15 was £2.88, which meets the median standard set by Welsh Government. The cost per user for the mobile service element was £18.72 per user. This review seeks to reduce mobile service costs considerably, therefore reducing the overall cost per user for the county service as a whole.

Usage and performance figures for Carmarthenshire Mobile Library Service

Visitor figures for 15/16: 12,796
Items Loaned: 63,501
Carmarthenshire population: 183,800

Local Authorities are required to provide an efficient, effective and comprehensive library service. Underpinning this is a set of nationally agreed Welsh Public Library Standards

(WPLS) that require an authority such as Carmarthenshire to provide a mix of town, community (branch), mobile, and on-line library services.

Mobile services are a key component in delivering a library service across a county like Carmarthenshire with its urban rural mix. Importantly, if the provision of fixed base community (branch) libraries reduces, then the mobile service plays an even more prominent role in delivering the service in line with statutory requirements.

The standard relating to the location of service points and mobile library stops is according to population density. Carmarthenshire has a population density of 0.8 persons per hectare and our current provision serves 95% of the population within 3 miles (or 15 minutes travelling time by public transport) of a static service point, or within ¼ mile of a mobile library stop. The requirement is to meet 70% of the population, with half day stops, once every 3 weeks, as a minimum.

INDEX/REFERENCE

CMOB1: CARMARTHEN MOBILE LIBRARY (1)

CMOB2: CARMARTHEN MOBILE LIBRARY (2)

CMOB3: CARMARTHEN MOBILE LIBRARY (3)

• LMOB1: LLANELLI MOBILE LIBRARY (1)

Current service provided at all mobile libraries	Visitors per annum	Routes per mobile	Items Loaned per mobile	Current average time at stop
Adult fiction books, adult nonfiction books, children's books, welsh books, reference books, and Spoken Word stock	 CMOB1,CMOB2, CMOB3: 10,661 LMOB1: 2,135 	 CMOB1: 16 CMOB2: 16 CMOB3: 16 LMOB1: 9 	 CMOB1: 15,188 CMOB2: 15,943 CMOB3: 21,282 LMOB1: 11,088 	 CMOB1: approx. 12 mins CMOB2: approx. 12 mins CMOB3: approx. 12 mins LMOB1: 15 minutes

2017 20 Badget Containation: Equality impact to cocomonic					

1. Describe the aims, objectives or purpose of the proposed function/policy, practice, procedure or decision and who is intended to benefit.

2017-20 Budget Consultation: Equality Impact Assessments

The aim of this proposal is to improve the current mobile library service in order to increase usage and improve the overall experience for all users in order to create a one stop shop for our community. The purpose is to focus on providing an improved open access service to the mobile library. This is an opportunity for the mobile library service to be examined fully in order to make better use of the existing provisions. The objective is to have an effective, modern, flexible, comprehensive and reliable mobile library service across Carmarthenshire that will bring the mobile service into the 21st Century introducing additional facilities that will compliment traditional services.

In order to improve mobile library services, thorough research has been undertaken to identify underused calls/stops and to make changes to these stops in order to make better use of this valuable service. In addition, we are looking to improve services by adopting a "more than books" service approach, which in the main will bring additionality to the services provided by embracing new technologies; thus allowing for and developing digital literacy across the county.

It is of utmost importance that mobile libraries bring maximum benefit to their users. To some people, having access to computers, photocopying and printing facilities for use with services such as; Universal Credit, Citizens Advice, Job Searching could potentially change their lives. Therefore, we are seeking to reduce the number of short household intermittent stops, which will allow for lengthier static periods based around areas/villages, providing greater access to the services provided.

The decision to improve the mobile library service will provide many benefits to the local communities of Carmarthenshire. This proposal will give users an opportunity to access all aspects of the service which the current mobile library is restricted to. The library will become more accessible to all who wish to use the service. Not only will the new mobile service provide positive changes for the communities, it will also help reduce costs for Carmarthenshire Libraries.

This proposal will create many benefits for our users including access to mobile library stops which will operate on a regular, lengthier and with more accessible locations. The proposal includes the enhancement of ICT within the mobile library service allowing access to a number of online services. In addition, it is proposed that the new service will provide community based events, activities and look to work with new partnerships and stakeholders in order to support the communities of

Carmarthenshire.

Whilst it is recognised that for some communities, mobile libraries are the only means of accessing library services in an area; an overall strategy needs to be developed that delivers services in line with rural deprivation, digital inclusion, poverty and literacy.

A Strategy/5 year plan has been approved in order to keep CCC library services relevant and accessible:

- The service is to develop around 5 universal offers that promote a core message at national levels, linking with Government Policy, Library Strategies and Frameworks, but allow for adaptation to meet with local needs and priorities.
- Categorised into 4 tiers of service provision based on their levels of use, location of the library building and the population served, to deliver the right and effective core offer to the right people at the right place.

Tier 1 – Regional Libraries with between 145,00 to over 500,000+ visits per year. (3 of)

Tier 2 – Community Libraries open for more than 15 hrs per week. (5 of)

Tier 3 – Branch Libraries open for less than 15 hrs per week. (7 + 3)

Tier 4 - Mobile libraries (3 of)

We Aim To Compare Mobile and Static Services:

- We aim to Review both branch and new mobile library services usage and positioning as to ascertain their value and
 contribution within a community; we recognise that some of our "Tier 3" smaller branch libraries now only serve a very
 small number of borrowers and as such, we need to ensure the continuation of quality library services across the county
 that are able to demonstrate best value.
- Importantly, if the provision of a fixed base community service changes, then the mobile service plays an even more

		prominent role in deliver			
The Public Sector Equality Duty requires the Council to have "due regard" to the need to:- (1) eliminate unlawful discrimination, harassment		2. What is the level of impact on each group/ protected characteristics in terms of the three aims of the duty?	3. Identify the risk or positive effect that could result for each of the group/protected characteristics?		4. If there is a disproportionately negative impact what mitigating factors have you considered?
and victimisation; (2) advance equality of op different groups; and (3) foster good relations be	portunity between	Please indicate high (H) medium (M), low (L), no effect (N) for each.	Risks	Positive effects	
Age		Whilst all age groups currently use the mobile library services, it is anticipated that the extra provision of longer stops will provide people who are currently restricted by the time restrictions to be able to have time to search for employment or benefits.		Access to Services New routes visiting at least 22 community hubs on a largely weekly (or no less than 3 weekly) basis. Extending the time that a mobile library is available within a community hub (half day stops proposed) Targeting high footfall areas such as major retail store car parks or Leisure/Wellbeing Centres etc, to attract new and additional users. Social Isolation	

	The proposed new mobile Provides people with access to other social networks within the mobile library and will work as a hub for the community.
	Travel Time The new proposed mobile library service will be located at a central place where the majority of the area's population can access. It is envisaged that every stop will be close to a local bus stop or other amenities. Impact on Children and Young People 26.4% of the population are under 24 we will continue to provide the current services to these groups with proposed additional services including ICT, With the introduction of ICT we will be able to offer more services for children and families in the
<i>⊆ a</i>	Storytime for preschool children and printing facilities. Impact on the older generation

	Carmarthenshire has a high percentage of retired people living in the county. Carmarthenshire Mobile Library staff will be up skilled and fully trained in all new provisions to support all generations and to provide a community hub. With the introduction of access to online services through ICT provisions, it will allow for access and support for the older generation in areas such as IPad training and introductions to Family History sessions
Disability	Improved access to information Opportunity to signpost users to relevant information about health and well-being services, e.g. local support groups for health conditions or relevant social services information. To work with other CCC & external providers including Ciss and other health related organisations. Support & access to a service for those will mental health issues and it is proposed that the mobile library will support the use of 'Books on Prescription' scheme for those with mild moderate emotional or psychological problems.

Gender reassignment	The mobile library service
	will continue to work with
	Transgender groups in
	Carmarthenshire.
Race	Continued and improved
	use of all services to all
	groups through working
	with external partners
	including Multicultural
	Network Groups
Religion/Belief	A large and diverse range
	of stock will be available on
	the mobile libraries.
	Relevant stock can be
	ordered via our Online
	Catalogue either on the
	mobile or online and can be picked up at the mobile.
	There is no feedback to
	suggest that there are any
	underlying issues group.
Pregnancy and maternity	Bookstart can be issued
	from the new mobile
	service to support young
	parents
Sexual Orientation	We are not aware that this
	group would be affected by
	the proposed new mobile
	service
Sex	

Welsh language	http://www.carmarthenshire.	Carmarthenshire Mobile
	gov.wales/media/68004/Wels	Libraries will continue to
	hLanguageCarms.pdf	have a welsh language
	According to the above	member of staff available.
	hyperlink it is believed that	We will continue to provide
	Carmarthenshire has a high	a good source of welsh
	percentage of its overall	fiction and non-fiction
	population speaking welsh.	books for adults and
	With a population of 183,800	children.
	43.9% are welsh speakers.	Welsh stock can also be
		ordered via our online
		service to be collected at
		the Mobile Library.

5. Has there been any consultation/engagement with the appropriate protected characteristics?	YES √	NO 🗆				
6. What action(s) will you take to reduce any disproportionately negative impact, if any?						

- We will welcome feedback from the consultation in order to confirm new routes.
- Agree a comprehensive new route plan that meets with Welsh Public Library Standards (WPLS) future framework requirements.
- Improve information, digital and health literacy across the county.
- Improve employability through access to on-line services and resources through partnership working.
- Provide social and community links to people who are usually hard to reach.

Roll-out new and improved housebound service to meet with user needs and requirements.							
7. Procurement							
Following collation of evidence for this assessme	ent, are there any pro	curement imp	lications	to the activity, proposal, service.			
Please take the findings of this assessment into	your procurement pla	an. Contact the	corpora	te procurement unit for further advice.			
8. Human resources							
Following collation of evidence for this assessme	Following collation of evidence for this assessment, are there any Human resource implications to the activity, proposal or service?						
9. Based on the information in sections 2 and 6, s							
function/policy/procedure/practice or a decision proceed to Detailed Impact Assessment? (recommended if one or more H under section 2) YES NO							
Approved by:		<u>I</u>	Date:	1			
Head of Service							

5. School Meals

Department:	Completed by (lead):	Date of initial assessment: 5th November 2014		
Education & Children	Helen Bailey / David Astins	Revision Dates: 14 th December 2015, 19 th December 2016		
Area to be assessed: (i.e. name of policy, function, procedure, practice or a financial decision)	7, School meals service • 2016-17 £100k (already delivered) • 2017-18 £100k • 2018-19 £70k			
Is this existing or new function/policy, procedure, practice or decision?		nn extension of an existing approach to charging which has seen the cost of school neals rise above inflation in April 2014 (to £2.20 for a primary meal), April 2015 (to £2.30) and April 2016 (to £2.40).		
What evidence has been used to inform the assessment and policy? (please list only)				
 Charging comparisons with other Local Authorities in Wales Close monitoring of take-up and income following previous price increases – a small (1-2%) decline in take-up has been noted looking at Carmarthenshire as a whole 				

1. Describe the aims, objectives or purpose of the proposed function/policy, practice, procedure or decision and who is intended to benefit.	Increasing the price of a primary school meal by 10p per year for 3 years (to £2.40 in April 2016, £2.50 in April 2017, and £2.60 in April 2018), with equivalent price rises in secondary school cafeterias. This is expected to generate an additional £100,000 of net income per annum, provided there is not a significant drop in take up.			
The Public Sector Equality Duty requires	2. What is the level of impact on	3. Identify the risk or positive effect that could result	4. If there is a disproportionately	
the Council to have "due regard" to the need to:-	each group/ protected characteristics in terms of the three aims of the duty?	for each of the group/protected characteristics?	negative impact what mitigating factors have you considered?	
(1) eliminate unlawful discrimination, harassment and victimisation;	Please indicate high (H) medium (M), low (L), no effect (N) for each.			

	nce equality of opportunity between groups; and	H/M/L	Risks	Positive effects	
(3) foster	good relations between different groups				
(see guio	dance notes)				
	Age	M	Further price increases could have a negative impact on take-up. Some families in 'working poverty', who do not qualify for free school meals, might not be able to afford school meals.		Publicise the availability of Free School Meals so that all who are entitled are aware
S	Disability	N			
teristi	Gender reassignment	N			
harac	Race	N			
Protected characteristics	Religion/Belief	N			
Prote	Pregnancy and maternity	N			
	Sexual Orientation	N			
	Sex	N			
	Welsh language	N			

	Any other area	N				
	Any other area	'`				
			'	l l		
5. Has there been any consultation/engagement with the appropriate protected characteristics?		YES X Through the Council's the <i>Insight</i> programme	-	ion we have engaged far	milies and also young people through	
6. What a	6. What action(s) will you take to reduce any disproportionately negative impact, if any?					
We will co	We will continue to demonstrate that a school meal is still good value for money, being of good nutritional quality.					
7. Procu	rement					
Followin	g collation of evidence for this ass	essment, are there any pro	curement implications	to the activity, p	proposal, service.	
Procurem	nent of good value products can help	keep the costs within the sch	ool meals service down.			
Please ta	ake the findings of this assessment	into your procurement pla	nn. Contact the corpora	te procurement	unit for further advice	
8. Humai	n resources					
Followin	Following collation of evidence for this assessment, are there any Human resource implications to the activity, proposal or service?					
	A fall in take-up / income could lead to a loss in overall hours in the service. This is managed on a location by location basis already, with hours at each location determined b the number of meals served, reviewed 3 times each year.				ours at each location determined by	
function	on the information in sections 2 are /policy/procedure/practice or a dec assessment? (recommended if one o	ision proceed to Detailed	YES 🗆	NO □ X		

Approved by:	David Astins	Date:
	Strategic Development Manager	19 th December 2016

6. Older People and Physical Disabilities Day Services

Department:	Completed by (lead):	Date of initial assessment:		
Community Services	Sue E Watts	January 2017		
		Revision Dates:		
Area to be assessed: (i.e. name of policy, function, procedure, practice or a financial decision)	Day centre provision			
Is this existing or new function/policy, procedure, practice or decision?		existing function		
What evidence has been used to inform the assessment and policy? (please list only)				
The Review is being guided by the principles of the Social Services and Wellbeing Act 2014. It will also take into account the Wellbeing of Future Generations Act, in particular, the five ways of working (prevention, long term, integration, collaboration and involvement). The Review will be in line with HDUHB's 'Care Closer to Home' objective				

1. Describe the aims, objectives or purpose of the proposed function/policy, practice, procedure or decision and who is intended to benefit.

To review the current local Authority day care support for older persons within Carmarthenshire assessing against identified potential models of care.

Proposed outcomes

To identify a vision and model for providing day opportunities within Carmarthenshire. The models must be provided more efficiently, effectively and equitably and be financially sustainable. The model will include the reviews currently being undertaken in other client groups.

To identify an understanding of the needs and demands for older persons day care provision throughout the County

the Co	blic Sector Equality Duty requires uncil to have "due regard" to the						
(2) adva different	nate unlawful discrimination, harassment misation; nce equality of opportunity between groups; and r good relations between different groups dance notes)	aims of the duty? Please indicate high (H) medium (M), low (L), no effect (N) for each.					
cted	Age	H (older people)	Older people are the core recipient group	The purpose of the Review is to secure improved, person-centred outcomes for older people	Note: budget consultation (2017) shows support from all age groups, including those 65+		
Protected characteristics	Disability	H	Many users also have disabilities	The Review will explicitly consider the needs of users, including those arising through disability	Note: budget consultation (2017) shows support from disabled respondent		
5	Gender reassignment	L	No evidence to	The Review will explicitly			

		suggest other than low	consider the needs of	
		risk	users, including those	
			arising through	
			T. D	
Race	L	No evidence to	The Review will explicitly	Note: budget consultation (2017)
		suggest other than low	consider the needs of	shows concern about the proposal
		risk	users, including those	from ethnic minority respondents
			arising through	(though very low response of 3)
Religion/Belief	L	No evidence to	The Review will explicitly	
		suggest other than low	consider the needs of	
		risk	users, including those	
			arising through	
Pregnancy and maternity	M	Risk arises if changes		
		to staff working		
		practices will be		
		considered		
		(employees		
		predominantly women)		
Sexual Orientation	L	No evidence to	The Review will explicitly	Note: budget consultation (2017)
		suggest other than low	consider the needs of	shows support for the proposal
		risk	users, including those	from LGB community, though this is
			arising through sexual	lower than the overall level of

			orientation	support
Sex	 M	There is a need to	The Review provides an	Note: budget consultation (2017)
Sex	IVI		opportunity to examine	shows that both genders support
		ensure provision is		-
		equally attractive for	lower usage amongst	the proposal, though women were
		men as well as	men	more strongly in favour
		women.		
		Risk arises if changes		
		to staff working		
		practices will be		
		considered		
		(employees		
		predominantly women)		
Welsh language	M	Provision must	The Review will explicitly	
		continue to ensure	consider the needs of	
		language need is	users, including those	
		catered to (particularly	arising through language	
		dementia)	need	
Any other area	Families and carers		Working co-productively	
			could enhance	
			experience of carers and	
			families. The Review	

						needs to consider	
						responsibilities to carers	
						under the SSWB Act	
							<u> </u>
	_	ultation/engagen	nent with the appropriate				
protecte	ed characteristics?			YES			
				0			
6. What	action(s) will you to	ake to reduce any	disproportionately negati	ve impact, if a	any?		
	-					been highlighted will be considered	as the Review develops. In this
way, dis	proportionate nega	itive impacts can	be addressed if they arise	and corrective	ve action	taken.	
7. Procu	rement						
Followir	ng collation of evide	ence for this asse	essment, are there any pro	curement imp	olications	to the activity, proposal, service.	
Please t	ake the findings of	this assessment	into your procurement pla	n. Contact th	e corpora	te procurement unit for further advice	₽.
					•	•	
8. Huma	n resources						
Followin	ng collation of evide	ence for this asse	essment, are there any Hur	nan resource	implication	ons to the activity, proposal or servic	e?
0.0		. ! 4! 0	d O allegad dista				
9. Based on the information in sections 2 and 6, should this							
function/policy/procedure/practice or a decision proceed to Detailed Impact Assessment? (recommended if one or more H under section 2)		YES 🗌		NO 🗆			
impact	1930331116111: (16001	illiciaea il olle ol	more if under section 2)			<u>—</u>	
Approve	ed by:	Sue E Watts			Date: Ja	nuary 2017	

Head of Service	

7. Parking Services

purpose of the proposed function/policy, practice, procedure or decision and who

is intended to benefit.

Department:	Completed by (lead):	Date of initial assessment:			
Environment	John McEvoy, Road Safety &				
	Traffic Manager	Revision Dates:			
Area to be assessed: (i.e. name of policy, function, procedure, practice or a financial decision)	Financial savings: £120,000 (by 2019/20).				
	The County Council provides off s	treet car parking facilities in towns and villages, to support the free movement of			
	traffic and allow town centres to function. There are 57 council car parks in the county, with a total of 4,996 marked				
	bays.				
Is this existing or new function/policy, procedure, p	ractice or decision?	No			
What evidence has been used to inform the assess	ment and policy? (please list only)			
Budget Budget consultation 2014-15; 2016-19.					
Car parking review decision report to the Executive Board 4 th Oct 2010.					
1. Describe the aims, objectives or Review of revenue options to support transportation and highways related services					

The Public Sector Equality Duty requires the Council to have "due regard" to the need to:- (1) eliminate unlawful discrimination, harassment and victimisation;		2. What is the level of impact on each group/ protected characteristics in terms of the three aims of the duty?	3. Identify the risk or positive effect that could result for each of the group/protected characteristics?		4. If there is a disproportionately negative impact what mitigating factors have you considered?
		Please indicate high (H) medium (M), low (L), no effect (N) for each.	Risks	Positive effects	-
(2) advance equality of opportunity between different groups; and					
(3) foste	r good relations between different groups				
(see guid	dance notes)				
	Age	(1) L (2) N (3) N	N/A	N/A	N/A
stics	Disability	(1) N (2) N (3) N	N/A	N/A	N/A
racteri	Gender reassignment	(1) N (2) N (3) N	N/A	N/A	N/A
d cha	Race	(1) N (2) N (3) N	N/A	N/A	N/A
Protected characteristics	Religion/Belief	(1) N (2) N (3) N	N/A	N/A	N/A
	Pregnancy and maternity	(1) N (2) N (3) N	N/A	N/A	N/A
	Sexual Orientation	(1) N (2) N (3) N	N/A	N/A	N/A
	Sex	(1) L (2) N (3) N	N/A	N/A	N/A

Welsh language	(1) N (2) N (3) N	N/A	N/A	N/A
Any other area	(1) N (2) N (3) N	N/A	N/A	N/A

5. Has there been any consultation/engagement with the appropriate	YES 🛛 NO 🗌
protected characteristics?	
	A public consultation took place between November 2014 and January 2015.
	The proposed increase in car parking charges resulted in slightly more respondents disagreeing (45.6%) than those in favour (43.3%). Respondents commented that charging was already high and increasing the charge further would deter the public and visitors from shopping in the town centre, and would encourage the use of 'out of town' businesses. Other concerns were raised about increase in illegal parking. Some suggestions for reducing the impact included reduced cost of annual parking passes; introduce a very cheap short stay ticket for town centre; improve public transport.
	A public consultation took place between November 2015 and January 2016.
	45% of consultees were in favour of the proposal whilst 44% disagreed with it. 11% were neutral to the proposal. This represents a slight shift in opinion from the previous year whereby a slim majority disagreed with the proposal. Key themes from the consultation revealed opposing views – some regarded the charges as 'prohibitive', others as 'reasonable' in comparison with neighbouring and English authorities. There was some concern that further increases will severely deplete the health of town centres and that the proposal would be a setback for independent shops given tough retail environment. Conversely, some felt that the proposal would ease congestion and encourage use of alternative forms of transport such as buses and walking.

6. What action(s) will you take to reduce any disproportionately negative impact, if any?					
7. Procurement					
Following collation of evide	ence for this assessment, are there any pro	curement impl	lications	to the activity, proposal, service.	
Please take the findings of	this assessment into your procurement pla	ın. Contact the	corpora	ite procurement unit for further advice.	
N/A					
8. Human resources					
Following collation of evidence for this assessment, are there any Human resource implications to the activity, proposal or service? N/A					
9. Based on the information in sections 2 and 6, should this					
function/policy/procedure/p Impact Assessment? (recor	YES 🗆		NO 🖂		
Approved by:			Date:		
Head of Service	S G Pilliner		12 th Jan	nuary, 2017	

8. Educational Psychology

Department:	Completed by (lead):	Date of initial assessment:		
Education and Children's Services	SS/ Angela Davies (ASD)	14 th January 2016		
	Principal Educational and Child	Revision Dates:		
	Psychologist	30 December 2016		
Area to be assessed: (i.e. name of policy, function,	unction, Educational Psychology			
procedure, practice or a financial decision)	2017-18: £60k budget reduction			
Is this existing or new function/policy, procedure, pr	ractice or decision?	The services are established; the financial decision is new for 2017/18.		
What evidence has been used to inform the assessment and policy? (please list only)				
see Service Profile 2016-17.				

1. Describe the aims, objectives or purpose of the proposed function/policy, practice, procedure or decision and who is intended to benefit.	ember of staff who has moved out of		
The Public Sector Equality Duty requires the Council to have "due regard" to the need to:- (1) eliminate unlawful discrimination, harassment and victimisation;	2. What is the level of impact on each group/ protected characteristics in terms of the three aims of the duty? Please indicate high (H) medium (M),	3. Identify the risk or positive effect that could result for each of the group/protected characteristics?	4. If there is a disproportionately negative impact what mitigating factors have you considered?

	ce equality of opportunity between	low (L), no effect (N) for each.	Risks	Positive effects	
different g	groups; and				
(3) foster	good relations between different groups				
(see guid	ance notes)				
	Age	M	Possible Impact of	None other than the initial	There are no alternative services
	Age	IVI	reduced service:	financial saving	that could provide the same quality
			Later identification		of assessment, advice and support.
			of SEN (Special		Activity would need to be prioritised
			Educational		to most significant need and earlier
			Needs) with less		preventative work would decrease and lead to less support for schools
			opportunity for prevention		to raise their capacity to meet the
			Schools and		full range of additional learning
			families less well		need inclusively. Parents and pupils
			prepared		would have to fight for scarce
			supported to meet		resources to meet their needs. We would not be able to meet the
			the additional needs of pupils		increased workforce
			Impact on		requirements/duties for the
			education		forthcoming ALN Reform in an
			standards,		efficient manner. Therefore there
			wellbeing and		would be a negative impact
			inclusion.		including potential lack of confidence in a new equality rights
			 Increased number of statutory 		based system for identifying and
			assessments of		meeting children and young
			SEN		peoples Additional Learning Needs
			Increased		from 0-25.
			demands for		
			special provision		
₽ -			Increased exclusions		
			Increased SEN		
			IIICICASCU SEIN		

			Tribunal appeals Out of county residential placements Increased number of disabled children becoming LAC Lack of equality of access to the same life chances as their peers		
L	Disability	M	Possible impact of reduced service: Later identification of SEN with less opportunity for prevention Schools and families less well prepared supported to meet the additional needs of pupils Impact on education standards, wellbeing and inclusion. Increased number of statutory assessments of sen Increased demands for	None other than the initial financial saving	There are no alternative services that could provide the same quality of assessment, advice and support. Activity would need to be prioritised to most significant need and earlier and preventative work would decrease and lead to less support for schools to raise their capacity to meet the full range of additional learning need inclusively. Parents and pupils would feel that they have to fight for scarce resources to meet their needs. We would not be able to meet the increased workforce requirements/duties for the forthcoming ALN Reform in an efficient manner. Therefore there would be a systemic negative impact including potential lack of confidence in a new equality rights based system for identifying and meeting children and young peoples Additional Learning Needs

special provision Increased exclusions Increased SEN Tribunal appeals Out of county residential placements Increased number of disabled children becoming LAC Lack of equality of access to the	
 Increased SEN Tribunal appeals Out of county residential placements Increased number of disabled children becoming LAC Lack of equality of access to the 	
Tribunal appeals Out of county residential placements Increased number of disabled children becoming LAC Lack of equality of access to the	
Out of county residential placements Increased number of disabled children becoming LAC Lack of equality of access to the	
Out of county residential placements Increased number of disabled children becoming LAC Lack of equality of access to the	
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Increased number of disabled children becoming LAC Lack of equality of access to the	
of disabled children becoming LAC Lack of equality of access to the	
children becoming LAC Lack of equality of access to the	
LAC • Lack of equality of access to the	
Lack of equality of access to the	i i
access to the	
anna life alemana	
same life chances	
as their peers	
Social isolation for	
some	
Family breakdown	
for some	
Gender reassignment M Reduced access to None other than the initial	
specialist consultation financial saving	
for schools and	
parents where	
significant additional	
Race needs are identified. Reduced access to None other than the initial	
specialist consultation financial saving for schools and	
parents where	
significant additional	
needs are identified.	
Religion/Belief M Reduced access to None other than the initial	
specialist consultation financial saving	
for schools and	

		parents where significant additional needs are identified.		
Pregnancy and maternity	M	Reduced access to specialist consultation for schools and parents where significant additional needs are identified.	None other than the initial financial saving	
Sexual Orientation	M	Reduced access to specialist consultation for schools and parents where significant additional needs are identified.	None other than the initial financial saving	
Sex	M	Boys tend to be referred more for acting out behavioural difficulties and so girls may have similar needs but not be prioritised.	None other than the initial financial saving	Educational Child Psychologists(ECP) encourage schools to ensure girls needs are identified and significant impact of internal behaviour and wellbeing is also prioritised.
Welsh language	H	Access to Educational and Child Psychologist who is able to function professionally through the medium of Welsh.	None other than the initial financial saving	Two of the three ECPs who have expressed an interest in severance are Welsh speaking and to lose a Welsh speaker would put considerable pressure on service delivery meeting the needs of our bilingual community. We currently have three fluent Welsh speaking ECPs.
Any other area	Parents and carers	Medium risk Impact: • Family breakdown • Parent carer's		There are other services that support parents and carers where children and young people have disability but where there is

	inability to maintain their caring role Out of county residential placements Increased number of disabled children becoming LAC Non compliance with Children's Act, Carer's and Disabled Children's Act	complexity a multiagency approach is required. We would have less service availability to contribute to multiagency planning and problem solving.			
5. Has there been any consultation/engagement with the appropriate protected characteristics? YES NO x					
6. What action(s) will you take to reduce any disproportionately negative impact, if any?					
7. Procurement					
Following collation of evidence for this assessment, are there any procurement implications to the activity, proposal, service. N					
Please take the findings of this assessment into your procurement plan. Contact the corporate procurement unit for further advice.					
8. Human resources					
Following collation of evidence for this assessment, are there any Human resource implications to the activity, proposal or service? There may be TUPE implications for some of the services. N					

9. Based on the information in sections 2 and 6, should this function/policy/procedure/practice or a decision proceed to Detailed Impact Assessment? (recommended if one or more H under section 2)		YES		NO X
Approved by:			Date:	
Head of Service	Stefan Smith, Head of Children's Services		30/12/ 2	016

9a. Sport and Leisure – Community Leisure Centres (Drefach Site only)

Department:	Completed by (lead):	Date of initial assessment:		
Sport and Leisure	Berian Allcock	15/05/2016		
		Revision Dates:		
Area to be assessed: (i.e. name of policy, function, procedure, practice or a financial decision)	Gwendraeth Leisure Centre, Drefach Site			
Is this existing or new function/policy, procedure, pr	ractice or decision?	Existing Function		
What evidence has been used to inform the assessn	nent and policy? (please list only)		
Regular meetings with East CCC Property Group (inc. Education and Corporate Property) on all actions relating to the Drefach site, Meetings with Maes y Gwendraeth Senior Management Team and Governing Body, Sport & Leisure Staff Meetings, Customer Survey (to follow);				

1. Describe the aims, objectives or purpose of the proposed function/policy, practice, procedure or decision and who is intended to benefit.	We are seeking to consult on the impact of the closure of the Drefach Site on existing facility staff and users				
The Public Sector Equality Duty requires the Council to have "due regard" to the need to:- (1) eliminate unlawful discrimination, harassment and victimisation;	2. What is the level of impact on each group/ protected characteristics in terms of the three aims of the duty? Please indicate high (H) medium (M),	3. Identify the risk or positive effect that could result for each of the group/protected characteristics?	4. If there is a disproportionately negative impact what mitigating factors have you considered? Existing squash users may have to travel around 11 miles to continue		

(3) foster	ace equality of opportunity between groups; and good relations between different groups ance notes)	low (L), no effect (N) for each.	Risks Existing squash users may have to travel around 11 miles to continue playing squash	Positive effects Newer and more diverse sporting facilities will be available to the people of the Gwendraeth	playing squash. The consultation will identify whether staff/users with protected characteristics are disproportionately affected. This EIA will be updated accordingly, and any necessary mitigating actions will be identified.
stics	Age	Medium	Older customers may have mobility issues that could impact on their ability to travel further to take part in physical activity.	Newer and more diverse sporting facilities will be available to the people of the Gwendraeth, improving the quality of the experience and access to the facilities.	The consultation will identify whether staff/users with protected characteristics are disproportionately affected. This EIA will be updated accordingly, and any necessary mitigating actions will be identified.
Protected characteristics	Disability	High Services are specifically for individuals who face a critical or substantial risk to their independence, primarily due to disability or frailty.	Customers with a disability may have mobility/carer issues that could impact on their ability to travel further to take part in physical activity.	Newer and more diverse sporting facilities will be available to the people of the Gwendraeth, improving the quality of the experience and access to the facilities.	The consultation will identify whether staff/users with protected characteristics are disproportionately affected. This EIA will be updated accordingly, and any necessary mitigating actions will be identified.
	Gender reassignment	Low	Low risk with limited impact on this	Low risk with limited impact on this	N/A

		protected	protected	
		characteristic group	characteristic group	
Race	Low	Low risk with limited	Low risk with limited	N/A
		impact on this	impact on this	
		protected	protected	
		characteristic group	characteristic group	
Religion/Belief	Low	Low risk with limited	Low risk with limited	N/A
		impact on this	impact on this	
		protected	protected	
		characteristic group	characteristic group	
Pregnancy and maternity	Low	Low risk with limited	Low risk with limited	N/A
		impact on this	impact on this	
		protected	protected	
		characteristic group	characteristic group	
Sexual Orientation	Low	Low risk with limited	Low risk with limited	N/A
		impact on this	impact on this	
		protected	protected	

		characteristic group	characteristic group	
Sex	Low	Low risk with limited impact on this protected characteristic group	Low risk with limited impact on this protected characteristic group	N/A
Welsh language	Medium	There will be a need to ensure that service users are able to access services in the language of their choice. Welsh language requirements will need to be met and the service delivery model adopted will need to deliver Welsh Government	There will be a need to ensure that service users are able to access services in the language of their choice. Welsh language requirements will need to be met and the service delivery model adopted will need to deliver Welsh Government policy requirements.	Any alternative service delivery model developed will need to ensure that Welsh language provision is catered for.

				policy requirements.		
		1 1/A				
	Any other area	N/A				
5. Has there been any consultation/engagement with the appropriate protected characteristics?				NO 🗆		
6. What	action(s) will you take to reduce any	/ disproportionately negati	ve impac	t, if any?		
	roportionate impact has been iden		•	, ,		mation from the new site that existing
ŀ	pookings will be honoured).					
	The three part time staff members, if places	· ·	n the rede	eployment register and we	will make every attempt to di	isplace them to other areas within the
• \	We will appraise the options for existing	g squash users to ensure tha	at they car	n continue to participate, if	the decision is to close the D	Orefach site.
7. Procu	rement					
Following collation of evidence for this assessment, are there any procurement implications to the activity, proposal, service.						
N/A						
8. Huma	n resources					
Following collation of evidence for this assessment, are there any Human resource implications to the activity, proposal or service?						

There may be implications for the three part time staff members, who will be offered an opportunity to be displaced to other areas within the service, if the decision					
is to close the Drefach site.					
9. Based on the information in sections 2 and 6, should this function/policy/procedure/practice or a decision proceed to Detailed Impact Assessment? (recommended if one or more H under section 2)		YES x□		NO	
Approved by: Head of Service	lan Jones		Date: 15	5/05/2016	

practice, procedure or decision and who

is intended to benefit.

9b. Sport and Leisure – Community Leisure Centres (St Clears only)

Department:	Completed by (lead):	Date of initial assessment:				
Sport and Leisure	Gary Price	3/1/17				
		Revision Dates:				
Area to be assessed: (i.e. name of policy, function procedure, practice or a financial decision)						
Is this existing or new function/policy, procedure,	practice or decision?	xisting Function				
What evidence has been used to inform the asses	What evidence has been used to inform the assessment and policy? (please list only)					
 Review of the provision of S&L activity at St Clears Leisure Centre Sport & Leisure management meetings St Clears Town Council consultation Corporate property 						
1. Describe the aims, objectives or We all purpose of the proposed function/policy,	e seeking to consult on the impact of	the closure of the St Clears Leisure Centre on existing facility staff and users				

the Cou need to:	lic Sector Equality Duty requires ncil to have "due regard" to the	2. What is the level of impact on each group/ protected characteristics in terms of the three aims of the duty?	3. Identify the risk or portion for each of the group/pro	sitive effect that could result otected characteristics?	4. If there is a disproportionately negative impact what mitigating factors have you considered?
and victim (2) advandifferent g (3) foster		Please indicate high (H) medium (M), low (L), no effect (N) for each.	Risks Existing Centre users may have to travel between 5 and 11 miles to participate in similar activities, options being Whitland or Carmarthen.	Positive effects Newer and more diverse sporting facilities will be available to those travelling to Carmarthen.	The consultation will identify whether staff/users with protected characteristics are disproportionately affected. This EIA will be updated accordingly, and any necessary mitigating actions will be identified.
Protected characteristics	Age	Medium	Older customers may have mobility issues that could impact on their ability to travel further to take part in physical activity.	Newer and more diverse sporting facilities will be available to those travelling to Carmarthen. Additional activities available would include swimming pool related exercise.	The consultation will identify whether staff/users with protected characteristics are disproportionately affected. This EIA will be updated accordingly, and any necessary mitigating actions will be identified.
Protect	Disability	High Services are specifically for individuals who face a critical or substantial risk to their independence, primarily due to disability or frailty.	Customers with a disability may have mobility/carer issues that could impact on their ability to travel further to take part in physical activity.	Newer and more diverse sporting facilities will be available to the people of St Clears, improving the quality of the experience and access to the facilities.	The consultation will identify whether staff/users with protected characteristics are disproportionately affected. This EIA will be updated accordingly, and any necessary mitigating actions will be identified.

		Current disability		
		sessions that occur		
		during the daytime		
		may not have		
		hall/room hire available		
		at alternative venues		
		stated due to School		
		dual use at		
		Carmarthen and		
		Whitland		
Gender reassignment	Low	Lave winter with limpite of	Lavoriale criticalizacia al	N/A
Gender reassignment	Low	Low risk with limited	Low risk with limited	IVA
		impact on this	impact on this	
		protected	protected	
		characteristic group	characteristic group	
Race	Low	Low risk with limited	Low risk with limited	N/A
		impact on this	impact on this	
		protected	protected	
		characteristic group	characteristic group	
Religion/Belief	Low	Low risk with limited	Low risk with limited	N/A

		impact on this	impact on this	
		protected	protected	
		characteristic group	characteristic group	
Pregnancy and maternity	Low	Low risk with limited	Low risk with limited	N/A
		impact on this	impact on this	
		protected	protected	
		characteristic group	characteristic group	
Sexual Orientation	Low	Low risk with limited	Low risk with limited	N/A
		impact on this	impact on this	
		protected	protected	
		characteristic group	characteristic group	
Sex	Low	Low risk with limited	Low risk with limited	N/A
		impact on this	impact on this	
		protected	protected	
		characteristic group	characteristic group	
Welsh language	Medium	There will be a need	There will be a need to	Any alternative service delivery
		to ensure that service users are	ensure that service users are able to access	model developed will need to ensure that Welsh language
		service users are	users are able to access	ensure that weish language

		able to access services in the language of their choice. Welsh language requirements will need to be met and the service delivery model adopted will need to deliver Welsh Government policy requirements.	services in the language of their choice. Welsh language requirements will need to be met and the service delivery model adopted will need to deliver Welsh Government policy requirements.	provision is catered for.
Pre School Education	High	The Centre currently accommodates the St Clears Meithrin School and Ty y Fi pre-School Groups, current availability within the area is limited to relocate		The consultation will identify whether staff/users with protected characteristics are disproportionately affected. This EIA will be updated accordingly, and any necessary mitigating actions will be identified.

	Any other area	N/A				
	nere been any consultation/engager ed characteristics?	nent with the appropriate	YES X	NO 🗆		
6. What	action(s) will you take to reduce any	y disproportionately negativ	ve impac	t, if any?		
	• Ensure that there is smooth transition of the existing clubs/groups/users that use the St Clears Site over to the alternative venues at Whitland and Carmarthen (confirmation from the alternative sites that existing bookings can be honoured will need to be investigated).					
• 1	Day time venues will need to be sough	t for Disabled groups currentl	ly using S	t Clears		
	The three part time staff members, if p service if the decision is to close the Si	·	n the rede	eployment register and we	will make every attempt to d	isplace them to other areas within the
• \	We will appraise the options for existin	g users to ensure that they ca	an continu	ue to participate, if the dec	ision is to close the St Clears	s site.
7. Procu	rement					
Followir	ng collation of evidence for this asso	essment, are there any proc	curement	implications to the activ	vity, proposal, service.	
N/A						
8. Huma	n resources					
Followin	ng collation of evidence for this asso	essment, are there any Hum	nan resoi	urce implications to the a	activity, proposal or service	∍?
	There may be implications for the three part time staff members, who will be offered an opportunity to be displaced to other areas within the service, if the decision is to close the St Clears site.					

2017-20 Budget Consultation: Equality Impact Assessments

9. Based on the information in sections 2 and 6, should this function/policy/procedure/practice or a decision proceed to Detailed Impact Assessment? (recommended if one or more H under section 2)		YES x□		NO		
Approved by:	lan Jones		Date: 3/	1/17		
Head of Service						

10. Cleansing

Department:	Completed by (lead):	Date of initial assessment:		
Environment	Daniel W John, Waste Services			
	Manager	Revision Dates:		
Area to be assessed: (i.e. name of policy, function, procedure, practice or a financial decision)	Financial savings: £164,000 (by 2019/20)			
	The cleansing service provides the	e sweeping and de-littering of streets and footways. It includes mechanical sweeping		
	of highways, footways and pedestrianised town centre areas, hand litter picking and emptying bins, chewing gum			
	removal, graffiti and illegal poster removal, clearing up illegal dumping of rubbish and dog mess.			
Is this existing or new function/policy, procedure, pr	ractice or decision?	lo		
What evidence has been used to inform the assessment Budget Budget consultation 2013/14; 2014/15; 2015-18; 2016-1				

1. Describe the aims, objectives or purpose of the proposed function/policy, practice, procedure or decision and who is intended to benefit.

Review and reconfigure routine schedule of mechanical sweeping in residential areas with a view to undertaking sweeping and cleansing work on a reactive basis in the future, potentially adopting a zoned approach. In order to achieve the savings identified, the number of mechanical sweepers will need to be reduced, together with a number of drivers through voluntary severance.

This will affect all residents of Carmarthenshire and anyone who visits the county on business or within tourism as it will result in a higher level of litter on the streets. Furthermore a decrease in the cleansing index scores.

the Co	uncil to have "due regard" to the o:-	2. What is the level of impact on each group/ protected characteristics in terms of the three aims of the duty?	3. Identify the risk or positive effect that could result for each of the group/protected characteristics?		4. If there is a disproportionately negative impact what mitigating factors have you considered?
	imisation;	Please indicate high (H) medium (M), low (L), no effect (N) for each.	Risks	Positive effects	-
	nnce equality of opportunity between groups; and				
(3) foste	er good relations between different groups				
(see gui	dance notes)				
	Age	(1) N (2) N (3) N	N/A	N/A	N/A
ø,	Disability	(1) N (2) N (3) N	N/A	N/A	N/A
eristic	Gender reassignment	(1) N (2) N (3) N	N/A	N/A	N/A
ıaractı	Race	(1) N (2) N (3) N	N/A	N/A	N/A
ted ch	Religion/Belief	(1) N (2) N (3) N	N/A	N/A	N/A
Protected characteristics	Pregnancy and maternity	(1) N (2) N (3) N	N/A	N/A	N/A
_	Sexual Orientation	(1) N (2) N (3) N	N/A	N/A	N/A
	Sex	(1) N (2) N (3) N	N/A	N/A	N/A
	Welsh language	(1) N (2) N (3) N	N/A	N/A	N/A

Any other area	(1) N (2) N (3) N	N/A	N/A	N/A

5. Has there been any consultation/engagement with the appropriate protected characteristics?	YES NO
	A public consultation took place between November 2014 and January 2015.
	44% of consultees were in disagreement with the proposal whilst only 33% were in favour. 23%
	were neutral to the proposal. It was felt that the emphasis should be on 'Standards not schedules'; potential impact on civic pride, public health and reputation of county, thwarting efforts to attract tourists and businesses. There was concern that the service is not adequate in rural areas and that the proposal may lead to a rise in fly-tipping and anti-social behaviour. Some said that it was fair compromise assuming obligations are met and that communities should take more responsibility for keeping their area clean. Suggestions include: increase littering fines; better monitoring in town
	centres; charge nominal fee for blue recycling bags and invest money in cleansing services; outsource costs; responsibility to be taken up by businesses (e.g., fast food), local communities / local councils, JSA claimants / offenders, or volunteers.
	Another public consultation took place between November 2015 and January 2016 which included some additional Environmental Enforcement proposals.
	On that occasion 46% of consultees were in disagreement with the proposals with only 32% in favour. 22% were neutral to the proposal. Key themes from the consultation were similar to the previous exercise with the general view that the degree of savings does not justify probable impacts. Routine street cleaning and emptying bins of litter is an important Council function, irrespective of area and that poor cleanliness standards will lead to more littering.

6. What action(s) will you take to reduce any disproportionately negative impact, if any? N/A						
7. Procurement						
Following collation of evide	ence for this assessment, are there any pro	curement imp	lications	to the activity, proposal / service.		
Please take the findings of	this assessment into your procurement pla	an. Contact the	corpora	te procurement unit for further advice. N/A		
8. Human resources						
Following collation of evide	ence for this assessment, are there any Hur	man resource i	implicatio	ons to the activity, proposal or service? N/A		
	n in sections 2 and 6, should this practice or a decision proceed to Detailed					
Impact Assessment? (recommended if one or more H under section 2) YES NO NO						
Approved by: Head of Service	Ainsley Williams		Date:	uary, 2017		
ricau di Scivice	Allisiey Williams		12" Jail	Jany, 2017		

11. School Transport Policy Review

Department:	Completed by (lead):	Date of initial assessment: November 2013			
Technical Services	Alwyn Evans, Passenger Transport Manager	Revision Dates: May 2014; June 2015;			
Area to be assessed: (i.e. name of policy, function, procedure, practice or a financial decision)	Financial savings: Yr 3 £65,000 (2019/20); (with £412,000 in 2020/21). Discretionary provision of transport in the post-16 sector.				
Is this existing or new function/policy, procedure, pr	Is this existing or new function/policy, procedure, practice or decision? Changes to existing policy				
What evidence has been used to inform the assessment and policy? (please list only)					
Budget					
Budget Consultation 2013/14; Budget Consultation 2014/15; Comprehensive Policy Consultation 2015/16; Budget Consultation 2015/16.					

1. Describe the aims, objectives or purpose of the proposed function/policy, practice, procedure or decision and who is intended to benefit.

Charging / removal of support for discretionary post-16 transport service from 1st September 2019.

A research exercise undertaken in 2015 found that there was a varied approach to this discretionary service throughout Wales, with eight of the twenty two Local Authorities charging for the post 16 transport service. The charges imposed by these Local Authorities range from £60 - £380, with thirteen Welsh Local Authorities stating that they are revising their current arrangements. This exercise is due to be undertaken again in Jan 2017, results to be confirmed.

The proposal for charging is acceptable under legislation which allows charging for post 16 travel, The Learner Travel Operational Guidance 2009, Section 2.23 states:

'When the Local Authority uses its discretion in making learner travel arrangements (under section 6), a charge can be made for

		these arrangements. For learners who are not of compulsory school age, there is no restriction on charging. With regard to children of compulsory school age, charging must be in accordance with sections 455 and 456 of the Education Act 1996 (as amended by section 22 of the Measure). The means to charge, or pay all or part of a learner's travel expenses, provides flexibility for local authorities to put in place travel arrangements that exceed the statutory requirements set by sections 3 and 4 of the Measure'.					
the Cour need to: (1) elimina	ate unlawful discrimination, harassment	2. What is the level of impact on each group/ protected characteristics in terms of the three aims of the duty? Please indicate high (H) medium (M),	3. Identify the risk or pos for each of the group/pro	4. If there is a disproportionately negative impact what mitigating factors have you considered?			
different g	ce equality of opportunity between groups; and good relations between different groups ance notes)	low (L), no effect (N) for each.	Risks Positive effects				
Protected characteristics	Age	(1) N (2) M (3) N	Services are used by post-16 students and there is a risk that there would be no transport available to their chosen school/college. Further consultation will be undertaken with the students during September 2015 to identify any potential issues.		Transport provision is not a statutory requirement. Other LAs across Wales already charge or are considering a charge or removal of the service.		

Disability	(1) N (2) N (3) N	Potential Impact on SEN transport will be evaluated during the consultation process.	N/A	Potential to exempt SEN students form a charge. Further Legal input is being obtained.
Gender reassignment	(1) N (2) N (3) N	There is no impact in terms of gender reassignment as the proposal makes no differentiation to the right to join the scheme, transport provided or charging for the service based on gender reassignment. There is no data available for 16+ students of gender reassignment.	N/A	N/A
Race	(1) N (2) N (3) N	A full analysis is to be undertaken prior to formal consultation.	N/A	N/A
Religion/Belief	(1) N (2) N (3) N	No differentiation is made to the right to join the scheme, transport provided or the charging system based on the grounds of religion or belief including a lack of belief.	N/A	N/A

Pregnancy and maternity	(1) N (2) N (3) N	No differentiation is made to the right to join the scheme, transport provided or the charging system based on the grounds of pregnancy and maternity.	N/A	N/A
Sexual Orientation	(1) N (2) N (3) N	No differentiation is made to the right to join the scheme, transport provided or the charging system based on the grounds of sexual orientation.	N/A	N/A
Sex	(1) N (2) N (3) N	No differentiation is made to the right to join the scheme, transport provided or the charging system based on the grounds of sex.	N/A	N/A
Welsh language	(1) N (2) N (3) N	No differentiation is made to the right to join the scheme, transport provided or the charging system based on the grounds of Welsh Language.	N/A	N/A
Any other area	(1) N (2) M (3) N	Students from families with a low income may be affected, but those	N/A	Students and their families should be made aware of available grants and support for school and college

	who meet the free school meals criteria will be exempt from the proposed charge.	
5. Has there been any consultation/engagement with the appropriate protected characteristics?	The public consultation undertaken in 2013/14 resulted in 50.3% of respondents supporting this proposal, with 34.8% in disagreement – this response was further supported in the latest budget consultation (14/15), with 53% in support of either removal or charging for the service, with 29% disagreement. Following the 2013/14 consultation, some respondents stated that the proposal would have a negative impact on those unable to pay and those in rural areas, given lack of suita alternatives; while others said that it will affect participation rates. Some respondents felt that it must not be allowed to affect Welsh medium provision. It was suggested that if a charging option was to be introduced that it should be means tested to ensure low income families would not be disproportionally affected. The majority of these views were repeated during the 2014/15 consultation also. During 2014/15 respondents also noted their concern in relation to urban/rural divide and the potential for the increase in the number of young people classified as NEET (Not in Education or Training). Some comments received in support of the proposal included the benefit of encourag young people to manage money responsibly; the saving was necessary to protect front line servi and college users should bear some of the costs in order to maintain the service. The Youth Cour raised concerns in relation to the proposal resulting in the constraint of take-up of further education opportunities and force students to select courses that do not suit their career path (a may not be offered within nearest college). A comprehensive statutory consultation was undertaken during September 2015, which included wide range of stakeholders including: all post-16 institutions where we currently send learners: Carmarthenshire secondary schools: future post-16 students: learners and parents of learners:	t in able : nn e ing ces ncil

school staff and Governors (through provision of drop-in sessions at each of the sites); etc The consultation and engagement process included options for completing a questionnaire online, by post or in person at a drop-in session. A drop-in session was held at each of the County's secondary schools and colleges and will be open for anyone to attend. The consultation will be widely promoted through local press, literature to all schools and colleges (approximately 17,000 postcards) the Council's website, primary school web sites and social media. As a result of this exercise 576 questionnaires were completed. 62% of respondents were students; 33% were a parent/guardian; and the remainder (5%) were made up of teachers/lecturers and 'other'. When asked the question: "The options being considered are ceasing the service altogether or charging to ensure it continues. Which do you think is the best approach?" 7% wanted to cease the service, 19% wanted to introduce charges; whilst the majority (74%) chose 'other'. The majority of respondents that chose 'other' specified that they wished to see the service maintained in its existing format. When participants were asked if they would you consider using the service if you had to pay, 19% said Yes and 81% said No. 70% of respondents said that the introduction of charges would deter students from attending school / college.

A public budget consultation took place between November 2015 and January 2016. 54% of consultees were in favour of the proposal whilst 29% disagreed with it. 17% were neutral to the proposal. Some respondents felt the proposal was reasonable as further education is not mandatory. Others suggested that college users should bear some of the cost in order to maintain the service. Other comments included: savings necessary to protect front-line services; urban/rural divide and imbalance with an adverse impact on rural residents; discriminates Welsh speaking sixth formers in schools.

6. What action(s) will you take to reduce any disproportionately negative impact, if any?

We will promote the different grants that are available to some students, such as, students of low income families are eligible for EMA (Education Maintenance Allowance) which is intended to "help with the costs of further education".

Any charge will be introduced on a phased approach to impose minimum impact.

The fee proposed is a flat rate in order to avoid penalising those in rural areas with greater distances to travel and less alternatives.					
The proposed fee has been k	ept as low as possible and is cheaper than equ	uivalent public	transport	even for the shortest journeys	
Those students that are eligible	ole for free school meals will be exempt from	the charge.			
• .	to offer and develop public transport options rt network with subsequent benefits to all me	•		chdrawal of free transport may have a beneficial effect by encouraging	
7. Procurement					
-	ence for this assessment, are there any pro	•			
8. Human resources					
Following collation of evide	ence for this assessment, are there any Hur	man resource	implication	ons to the activity, proposal or service? N/A	
9. Based on the information in sections 2 and 6, should this function/policy/procedure/practice or a decision proceed to Detailed Impact Assessment? (recommended if one or more H under section 2) YES NO					
Approved by:	·· · · ·				
Head of Service	S G Pilliner 12 th January, 2017			uary, 2017	

12. Music Service

Department:	Completed by (lead):	Date of initial assessment:			
Education & Children	Aeron Rees	30 December 2016			
		Revision Dates:			
Area to be assessed: (i.e. name of policy, function,	Music Service				
procedure, practice or a financial decision)	2017-18 £30k				
	2019-20 £100k				
Is this existing or new function/policy, procedure, pr	ractice or decision?	lew decision			
What evidence has been used to inform the assessment and policy? (please list only)					
Consultative discussions with:					
Chief Education Officer; Music Service Coordinator; DMT; Members' Challenge Session; ECS Scrutiny Committee; Insight Session with sixth formers					

1. Describe the aims, objectives or purpose of the proposed function/policy, practice, procedure or decision and who is intended to benefit.

The primary aim of this proposal is driven by a corporate request to find departmental savings. Additional income to be generated by increasing the charge to schools by £2 per hour, from £57 to £59. This may mean schools will pass the extra charge on to parents for additional lessons by changing their Parental Charging policy. The service is also proposing to generate further income by charging parents of participating pupils £10 per term for the junior county ensembles. Both proposals may place additional burdens on schools and/or families. The schools' increase could pose a risk to the continuation of the service. This potentially conflicts with our vison to evolve and develop innovative and sector leading Music Service provision in Carmarthenshire, in tune with the new curriculum for Wales and a renewed focus on pupils' creative and aesthetic development.

The Public Sector Equality Duty requires the Council to have "due regard" to the need to:- (1) eliminate unlawful discrimination, harassment		2. What is the level of impact on each group/ protected characteristics in terms of the three aims of the duty? Please indicate high (H) medium (M), low (L), no	3. Identify the risk or pos for each of the group/pro	sitive effect that could result tected characteristics?	4. If there is a disproportionately negative impact what mitigating factors have you considered?
(2) advar different (3) foster		effect (N) for each.	Risks	Positive effects	
Protected characteristics	Age	High	Peripatetic music tuition is offered to upper primary and secondary pupils. A diminished service may discriminate against 8-18 year olds who might find that schools and / or parents may not be able to afford the elevated costs for the service. (see also 'any other area' below)	Increasing the cost of the service could have positive benefits in that pupils will be more prepared to practice and attend lessons if a charge were to be applied.	Advice given to schools about charging policies Evolving the service to other areas of delivery such as developing curriculum tuition for all pupils

Disability	Low	The Music Service
		have plans to expand
		its repertoire in respect
		of Music Therapy and
		Music for harder to
		reach groups, such as
		pupils with ALN. These
		plans may need to be
		shelved.
Condon managimum ant	None	
Gender reassignment	None	
Race	None	
Religion/Belief	None	
Pregnancy and maternity	None	
Sexual Orientation	None	
Sex	Medium	Proportionally, more
		females receive
		peripatetic tuition than
		males – this is
		especially true of
		choral tuition. This

		could cut off an		
		important extra-		
		curricular avenue for		
		girls, especially those		
		not predisposed to		
		engage with other		
		activities such as sport		
		in schools.		
Walsh language	Medium	Welsh medium schools	This could motivate	Conduct an audit of Eisteddfod-
Welsh language	iviedium			
		are generally strong	school staff to get more	related activity currently supported
		buyers of the service,	involved – though this is	by the service and plan proactively
		as advocates of the	also fraught with risk, as it	around any findings
		cultural curriculum.	could affect teacher	
		The decision could risk	workload and pose a	
		the ability of schools	challenge to standards if	
		and individuals to	music tuition is deferred	
		complete in local and	to non-specialists	
		National Eisteddfodau,		
		which is an integral		
		component of many		
		schools' pupil		
		experiential provision.		
		The decision could		

		discriminate against Welsh speakers or, alternatively, motivate schools to concentrate upon those cultural experiences, to the detriment of non- Welsh speakers		
Any other area	High	(Age related – for children and young people of statutory school age – 3-16) This decision may well affect low income groups and / or pupils who may find themselves in schools with challenging financial issues. This will be compounded by schools facing other budgetary cutbacks deciding not to renew	Increasing the cost of the service could have positive benefits in that pupils would be more prepared to practice and attend lessons if a charge were to be applied.	Encourage schools to use EIG grant funding to support eFSM pupils who might experience additional difficulties accessing the service. Music service could diversify into targeted supply cover provision, staff development; in providing bespoke activities in tune with the emerging aesthetic and creative curriculum espoused by the Donaldson report and the Lead Creative Schools programme. The Music Service Parents and

	the Music SLA. There	Friends group may need to raise
	is already evidence for	more funds and officers may need
	this, which is predicted	to seek alternative sources of grant
	to escalate in the	funding.
	current financial	
	climate.	
	Carmarthenshire's	
	Music SLA is amongst	
	the highest in Wales	
	and any further	
	increases to the SLA	
	by cutting back on core	
	funding could prove	
	fatal.	
	There is a clear risk	
	therefore of	
	discrimination on	
	economic grounds for	
	the school-aged	
	population.	
	Schools may refuse to	
	administer a charging	
	policy to parents on	
	policy to parents on	

	moral grounds and,	
	where a charging	
	policy is applied,	
	parents may be	
	unwilling or unable to	
	afford the extra cost of	
	tuition.	
	Parents may not be	
	able to afford	
	supporting their child	
	to attend county	
	orchestras, choirs and	
	ensembles - thus	
	leading to diminished	
	opportunities and a dip	
	in standards.	
	Schools may	
	experience further	
	difficulties in staging	
	concerts and	
	productions.	

5. Has there been any cons protected characteristics?	ultation/engagement with the appropriate	YES □x		NO 🗆		
6. What action(s) will you ta	ke to reduce any disproportionately negat	ive impact, if a	ny?			
position and canvassing th delivery areas and develop	Consult with the Music Service Management Group; further consultation with Head teachers and the Strategy and Budget Forum. Write to parents, explaining the position and canvassing their support; work with schools to formulate creative charging policies and options for parents to pay. Evolve the music service to new delivery areas and develop the curriculum provision component – so that the service can be deployed by schools to deliver the statutory curriculum as well as peripatetic and county ensembles i.e. attempting to consolidate Music Service income. Investigate further cost-finding efficiencies e.g. through enhanced cross-border collaboration.					
7. Procurement						
Following collation of evide	ence for this assessment, are there any pro	curement imp	lications	to the activity, proposal, service.		
Please take the findings of this assessment into your procurement plan. Contact the corporate procurement unit for further advice.						
8. Human resources						
Following collation of evide	Following collation of evidence for this assessment, are there any Human resource implications to the activity, proposal or service?					
There may be cut backs in Music Service staffing, though all steps will be taken to avoid compulsory redundancy.						
function/policy/procedure/p	Based on the information in sections 2 and 6, should this unction/policy/procedure/practice or a decision proceed to Detailed mpact Assessment? (recommended if one or more H under section 2) YES NO NO					
Approved by:			Date:			
Head of Service	Aeron Rees		30 December 2016			

Music Service - Detailed Equalities Impact Assessment Template

Department:	Please see initial impact assessment
Completed by (lead):	Aeron Rees
Date of Detailed assessment:	31.12.16
Area to be assessed: (Policy, function, procedure, practice or a financial decision))	Please see initial impact assessment
Is this existing or new function/policy/Procedure/ practice	Please see initial impact assessment

1. Describe the aims, objectives or
purpose of the function/policy,
practice or procedure and who is
intended to benefit.

Please see initial impact assessment

Additionally, the primary aim is to contribute departmental savings as requested corporately. Ways to work more efficiently and effectively are being pursued: seeking to maximise income and cut costs. Above all, we're looking to enhance and develop the Music Service not to close it down. This entails looking for creative solutions so that very high standards are maintained and that the profile of Music in Carmarthenshire schools goes from strength to strength.

We wish to: build upon recent successes (Music for Youth – Birmingham Symphony Hall and Albert Hall; Cor Cymru); are taking the Senior Orchestra to New York to perform in a premiere with the UN School; will be taking the Senior Choir to Llangollen International Eisteddfod and will be rebranding the county Big band as Carmarthenshire Youth Jazz orchestra in advance of UK-level competition next year.

These exciting opportunities fly in the face of the very challenging fiscal challenge presented and we wish to minimise any negative

	effect on current and past achievements.
2. Please list any existing documents, evidence, research which have been used to inform the Detailed equality impact assessment. (This must include relevant data used in this assessment)	Analysis of SLA charging data on a national scale indicates that Carmarthenshire, at £57/hour, has a rate which ranks amongst the highest in Wales. This is compounded by the fact that Music Services in Carmarthenshire receive a lower amount of core funding than a number of other centrally funded authorities. The Music Service saw a drop in 'buy back' from schools of just over 8% during the 2016/17 academic year. Thus is attributed to: (i) added financial pressures on schools; (ii) A large number of primary school closures and secondary school mergers over the last four years having had a significant impact on the service.
	Additionally, over 60% of the SLAs were returned after the 31.3.16 deadline, making forward planning for MS SLT very difficult. It is anticipated, from corporate documentation, that schools will be required to find some £15.487 million in efficiencies over the next 3 years. Almost inevitably, this will lead to reduced buy back. Additionally, if the SLA is to go up £3 to £59/hour, it could well prove unsustainable for an additional percentage of schools. It is already anticipated that there will be a 10% fall in SLA buy-back for 2017/18 at the current SLA tariff. This will inevitably lead to staffing reductions, which will result in a diminished service and possible shortage of coverage in many areas of specialism.
3. Has any consultation, involvement been undertaken with the protected characteristics to inform this assessment? (please provide details, who and how consulted)	Young people were consulted at the Insight event, held on 8.12.16. Sixth formers from across the county were consulted on a whole host of proposed county council efficiencies. With respect to the Music Service, young people told us that it was a very valued service and that this area of curriculum delivery should not be treated any differently to other areas of learning such as PE and sport. At least one group voted against the proposal. Further imminent stakeholder consultation is planned.
4. What is the actual/likely impact?	Less schools buying in the Music Service; Less young people benefitting from instrumental provision; staffing reductions; a dip in standards; less county-wide activity with respect to ensembles, choir and orchestras; potential de-construction of one of the most successful music services in Wales (reaching 6.000 pupils weekly, from 90 of our schools i.e. 73%); challenges to delivering the

	statutory music national curriculu	um at Key Stage 2.		
5. What actions are proposed to address the impact? (The actions needs to be specific, measurable and outcome based)	What are we going to do	Who will be responsible	When will it be completed	How will we know we have achieved our objective
	Further Consultation, esp. with parents of junior county ensemble pupils re £10 termly charge and termly, rather than weekly, rehearsals	Mr Gareth Kirby (GK), Music Services Coordinator	January 2017	Termly rehearsals should yield £25-30K saving Parents agree to £10 termly charge
	Incentivise early return of SLAs	GK and MS SLT	c. End of March 2017	75%-100% of SLAs returned by deadline
	Complete Music Curriculum review and offer a revised menu of provision to schools	GK and task and finish Group	Early February 2017	T&F group produce report with recommendations to evolve Music Service delivery in Carmarthenshire
	Model Phasing in the SLA increase (yr1: no change; yr2: +£1.00; Yr. 3: &1.00)	GK, and Susannah Nolan, Group Accountant	January 2017	Modelling exercise provides sustainable solution and is consulted upon (Strategy

				and Budget Forum; Head teachers and Governors)
	Review MS staffing and voluntary reductions, initially from the vocal team	GK, AR and Julie Stuart, Principal HR Officer	March 2017	Staffing possibly rationalised by voluntary reduction
	Continue to investigate efficiencies through cross border collaborative working	GK	April 2017	Carmarthenshire plays an active and lead role in discussions, with recommendations for genuine efficiencies by cross-border working
6. How will actions be monitored?	Progress reported to DMT	el service, outcome of curricul	um review and cross border	recommendations reported to scrutiny at
Approved by: Head of Service	Aeron Rees	Date: 31.12.16		

Contact Name	Roger Edmunds	Title	TS MANAGER		
Budget title	Citizens Advice Service	ce control			
Amount £	100000				
Saving £	100000				
Description	General/Core Citizens Advice and Welfare Rights (which is restricted funding)				
Disability, Go Maternity, Ra	ender reassignment, Ma ace, Religion and Belief,	rriage and Civ Sex and Sex	of the protected groups (Age, vil Partnership, Pregnancy and ual Orientation). Please also		

give consideration to the Welsh language and the impact on Welsh speakers. Will it impact disproportionately on those in lower income groups?

|--|

Having managed the previous cut of £95,000 any further reduction in funding will severely impact on the ability to maintain the existing level of service currently being provided. 2015/16 showed an overall recorded contribution to the local economy of £8,179,838. 11,327 people were recorded using the service bringing 14,891 issues. The uniqueness and diversity of this service is highlighted in above figures.

The CAB is a leading high street brand that plays a major part in supporting the local community. The service aims stipulate "regardless of Race, Gender, Sexuality or disability and promotes Equality.

The Equality Act 2010 introduced a new public sector "equality duty" the aim is to "ensure that public authorities and those carrying out a

public function consider how they can positively contribute to a fairer society through advancing equality and good relations". The law also requires that "Due Regard" be demonstrated in the decision making process. The CAB service aims and principles supports these requirements and through their work they support Carmarthenshire County Council to deliver and meet their requirements this is a seamless partnership. To withdraw/reduce Core funding would fundamentally demonstrate a negative contribution to a "Fairer Society" by withdrawing/reducing the availability of the service to those in most need who would be the hardest hit.

There is a Welsh language policy, and at present the service is delivered in the medium of Welsh and English from each office. Withdrawal of funding would impact on the ability to commit to this level. There is a dedicated welfare benefit telephone advice service, of which two of the three specialists are Welsh speaking. The protected groups as above are the higher proportion of service users at approximately 70% of service users.

No

If Yes, please briefly describe the nature of the impact. Which groups are likely to be affected and in what way?

Description of impact

Any reduction of funding would impact in the following way:

- Reduce the number of hours the service is available to all above protected groups in the community
- Withdrawal of the dedicated Welfare Benefits and Money Advice telephone services removes affordable specialist advice to the rural community, lower income and protected groups.
- Loss of specials welfare benefit and Debt advisors removes the

- support mechanism that enables us to prepare and represent those clients with the highest level of need and vulnerability.
- Loss of outreach services eg: weekly service delivered at the YMCA Llandovery, Advise days held in rural communities, home visits for vulnerable clients that can't leave their homes.
- The whole structure and core being of Carmarthenshire CAB will be under threat, this will weaken the service in so many areas. Overall impact "the protected and vulnerable groups will suffer the most".

The confidence shown by Carmarthenshire County Council to the CAB through Core funding enables us as a one stop partnership delivery service to continue the fight against poverty, support the most venerable and strive to improve the quality of life within our Community. In addition Core funding demonstrates to other funders the confidence the local authority has in Carmarthenshire CAB making them a competitive applicant when competing on the open market for funding projects.

Consultation

Have you consulted any of these groups or their representative bodies? If so please give details, What was the outcome?

Descriptio	n
of	

Yes met with Director of CAB to discuss proposed cut.

consultation					
Mitigation					
What can be	done to mitigate any adverse impact?				
Details of steps to be taken to mitigate any adverse impact	Very little, as the funding supplied by the Authority provides for the core delivery and for Welfare rights benefit to the protected groups and community as a whole, removal of this fund will create collateral issues for other service providers e.g. other benefit providers who if they cannot meet the extra need and capacity and will lead to increased poverty, vulnerability and debt which will in turn impact the local economy.				
	sal part of a wider plan which would place it in context? (E.g. individual facility in the context of a wider investment				
Details of context of the proposal	Debt, poverty and reduction in client empowerment County wide. And economic implications for the wider Community but particularly for those in most need.				
<u>Monitoring</u>					
	Do you have any plans to monitor the ongoing impact on the affected group(s)?				
	Yes				
Other informa	ation				
Is there anyth	ning else which ought to be recorded?				
A (1) - 1 2 1	D. D Ed d.				
Authorised by	y: Pp Roger Edmunds.				

Head of	
Service	

14. Special Education Needs

Department:	Completed by (lead):	Date of initial assessment:				
Education & Children	Rebecca Williams	5 th November 2014				
		Revision Dates: 16/12/2015, December 2016				
Area to be assessed: (i.e. name of policy, function,	Special Educational Needs					
procedure, practice or a financial decision)	2017-18: £70k budget reduction					
Is this existing or new function/policy, procedure, practice or decision?		lew decision				
What evidence has been used to inform the assessment and policy? (please list o						

- Draft Additional Learning Needs Education Tribunal (Wales) Bill
- Welsh Government ALN White Paper on ALN Reform (July 2014)
- Data on falling requests for Statutory Assessment ALN Inclusion Panel Minutes for April 2014 October 2014
- ALN Annual Report 2013 2014
- Supporting children with Speech Language and Communication Needs (SLCNs) within integrated children's services (Gascoigne 2006)
- The Bercow Report (Bercow 2008) overview of provision for children and young people with SLCN
- The Better Communication Research Programme : Improving provision for CYP with SLCN
- What really makes a difference for CYP with SLCN? Delivering services for maximum impact (Gascoigne)
- Evidence of consultation with elected members via the Education and Children's Services Scrutiny Committee

1. Describe the aims, objectives or purpose of the proposed function/policy, practice, procedure or decision and who is intended to benefit.

Reduce the core budget to schools. This would be distributed between 82 schools (all those with more than 100 pupils). Each school affected would need to reassess their provision, or realign budgets in order to make up for the shortfall. This could result in less 1:1 support sessions, reduced Teaching Assistant support or reduced hours for Additional Learning Needs Coordinators to support learners.

The action is proposed due to the current and impending challenges for this service in the next three years which include:

- Reducing local authority budgets
- Reducing Welsh Government budgets/grants
- In line with WG White paper on ALN Reform WG/LA strategy of meeting needs of CYP with ALN outside of statutory processes
- ALN Reform envisages that schools will build capacity to deal with all ALN needs at a local level
- Delegation of funding to schools, tightening of statementing criteria and more ALNs being met outside statutory systems
 will lead to more flexible use of school-based resources (including improvements in the use of learning support for
 example deployment of TAs) and pooling of resources for collaborative ALN work between school clusters which in turn
 will lead to efficiencies
- Improvements in impact monitoring systems and greater flexibility in the management of ALN provision in schools will lead to more effective use of resources in schools

Secondary Speech and Language provision

• The Speech and Language provision for CYP with specific language/speech/communication needs (SLCN) is currently being reviewed and it is proposed that changes should be made to the service for secondary age pupils with language and communication needs. The evidence around Speech and Language Therapy intervention and provision for pupils with SLCNs suggests that early, intense and frequent intervention is most effective. As pupils move up through the school system, their needs become much more functional and strategy-based and there is less evidence for direct unit

	intervention at a secondary level.					
	 To this end it is proposed that the secondary language unit at Bro Dinefwr will be phased out over the next two years. Secondary schools across the LA will be supported, to include additional training if required, to develop their capacity to provide appropriate language support for pupils with specific language impairment/SLCNs in order to access the mainstream curriculum and extra-curricular activities. 					
The Public Sector Equality Duty requires the Council to have "due regard" to the need to:- (1) eliminate unlawful discrimination, harassment	2. What is the level of impact on each group/ protected characteristics in terms of the three aims of the duty? Please indicate high (H) medium (M),	3. Identify the risk or pos for each of the group/pro	sitive effect that could result tected characteristics?	4. If there is a disproportionately negative impact what mitigating factors have you considered?		
and victimisation;	low (L), no effect (N) for each.	Risks	Positive effects			
(2) advance equality of opportunity between different groups; and						
(3) foster good relations between different groups						
(see guidance notes)						
Age	Н	The range of provision and training to meet the needs of schoolaged CYP with ALNs may be reduced in some smaller mainstream schools who may be unable to meet their statutory duties and as a result are liable under the Equality Act. Potential increase in appeals to SENTW	Schools will build capacity to offer a range of interventions and strategies to meet the needs of all pupils with ALN in the most cost efficient manner. Well-documented research suggests that secondary aged pupils with SLCNs have their needs met more effectively with their peers in mainstream	LA is ultimately responsible for ensuring that schools meet pupils' ALNs and make appropriate provision in line with parental preference – there are no mitigating factors.		

			against LA decisions. High cost to LA in man-power/legal fees in defending Tribunal cases Secondary aged pupils with SLCNs will no longer be offered the choice to attend a specialist language unit setting with specialist staff and high pupil/staff teaching ratio. Potential cost to schools of additional learning support in secondary schools/cost to LA of providing ELKLAN/Afaisic Language training		
ō	Disability	M	Some small schools may be unable to meet the needs of some pupils with a disability due to insufficient resources – this would mean they would be discriminated against in accessing local provision. In larger schools a reduction in resources may lead to discrimination in the	Secondary pupils with SLCNs will be supported in local mainstream schools with appropriate strategies/interventions to meet need.	Discussions with schools to ensure timely planning is undertaken to ensure the necessary curricular and building adaptations for pupils with a range of disabilities.

		form of reduced opportunities		
Gender reassignment	L	Less resources available for awareness raising	NA	NA
Race	L	As above	NA	NA
Religion/Belief	L	As above	NA	NA
Pregnancy and maternity	L	Secondary schools may not be able to provide support in line with statutory obligations	NA	NA
Sexual Orientation	L	Less resources available for awareness raising	NA	NA
Sex	L	NA	NA	NA
Welsh language	M	Welsh language pupils with ALN may have reduced access to the full range of ALN provision	NA	NA
Any other area				

5. Has there been any consultation/engagement with the appropriate	l			
protected characteristics?	YES	×	CCC staff/elected members/Head teachers in schools	NO 🗷 CYP, families and

wider disabled community 6. What action(s) will you take to reduce any disproportionately negative impact, if any? Identify training opportunities to train school based staff to build capacity Strategy to convert existing statements to IDPs releasing funding currently tied up in individual support Cease statements for targeted ALN groups/individuals (eg Dyslexia, SLCNs) Bro Dinefwr secondary language unit – redeploy specialist language teacher/TAs to support pupils with SLCNs in mainstream secondary schools 7. Procurement None Following collation of evidence for this assessment, are there any procurement implications to the activity, proposal, service. Please take the findings of this assessment into your procurement plan. Contact the corporate procurement unit for further advice. 8. Human resources Following collation of evidence for this assessment, are there any Human resource implications to the activity, proposal or service? Yes – the changes have the potential to impact on workforce deployment in mainstream schools (deployment of fewer Teaching Assistants) Bro Dinefwr secondary language unit – redeployment of specialist staff Specialist Teacher x 1 (fte) TA2 x1(fte) TA3 x 1 (fte) 9. Based on the information in sections 2 and 6, should this function/policy/procedure/practice or a decision proceed to Detailed

2017-20 Budget Consultation: Equality Impact Assessments

Impact Assessment? (recor	nmended if one or more H under section 2)	YES	NO 🗷
Approved by:			Date:
Head of Service	Gareth Morgans, Chief Education Officer		7 th January 2016

15. Delegated Schools Budget

Department:	Completed by (lead):	Date of initial assessment: November 18th, 2015
Education & Children	Gareth Morgans	Revision Dates:
Area to be assessed: (i.e. name of policy, function, procedure, practice or a financial decision)	2017-18: £3,779,000 2018-19: £3,485,000 2019-20: £3,487,000 2019-20 Additional £500k (Ne	ew <i>Policy)</i> equates to a reduction per pupil to the value of approximately £400.
Is this existing or new function/policy, procedure, practice or decision? What evidence has been used to inform the	Existing policy proposal and	

What evidence has been used to inform the assessment and policy? (please list only)

- School Funding arrangements in Wales.
- Carmarthenshire's Scheme for Financing Schools
- Consultation with school leaders, Governors and staff from the Education Service.

Describe the aims, objectives or purpose of the proposed function/policy, practice, procedure or decision and who is intended to benefit.	provision. To manage this level of reduction the reduction of £3.7m in the first year coredundant. Schools have been encouraged to we employment, however the scale of the	manage this level of reduction there will be an impact on staffing as a high % of a school's budget is used to employ staff. A duction of £3.7m in the first year could possibility result in 60 teachers or 130 support staff (or a combination) being made dundant. Shools have been encouraged to work in partnership and collaborate with other schools in matters of resourcing and apployment, however the scale of the budget reduction will result in some redundancies.			
The Public Sector Equality Duty requires the Council to have "due regard" to the need to:- (1) eliminate unlawful discrimination, harassment and victimisation; (2) advance equality of opportunity between different groups; and (3) foster good relations between different groups (see guidance notes)	2. What is the level of impact on each group/ protected characteristics in terms of the three aims of the duty? Please indicate high (H) medium (M), low (L), no effect (N) for each.	3. Identify the risk or pos for each of the group/pro	sitive effect that could result tected characteristics? Positive effects	4. If there is a disproportionately negative impact what mitigating factors have you considered?	

			T=		
	Age	Н	Reduced funding will lead to schools needing to review their budgets. This could lead to reduction in staffing levels, increased class sizes and reduced provision.	Schools will need to work collaboratively and consider joint posts, cooperation on back office support, specific areas of responsibility and possibly shared/improved leadership.	Schools and the County Council will need to be proactive in planning for this budget reduction. A TIC Post is being recruited to develop ideas to mitigate impact on front line services to learners.
	Disability	Н	The support and provision for pupils could be affected.	Review of current systems and structures and collaboration with other settings.	The County Council will have to ensure that schools meet the diverse needs of all pupils and hold school leaders to account.
stics	Gender reassignment	N			
Protected characteristics	Race	М	There could be a reduction in funding to support EAL/Gypsy Travellers.		Finance and Education colleagues to find ways of protecting this element of the Education Improvement Grant funding.
cted c	Religion/Belief	N			
Prote	Pregnancy and maternity	N			
	Sexual Orientation	N			
	Sex	M	A high % of school staff are female. A reduced budget could mean a reduced workforce with females being affected.		Ensure appropriate support and challenge from Human Resources section in respect of redundancy process and equality issues.
	Welsh language	M	Non-Welsh speaking staff might be at a disadvantage as schools remodel to		Ensure appropriate support and challenge from Human Resources section in respect of redundancy process and equality issues.

					resources implemen	t Welsh				
					Governm strategies	ent and local				
	Any other area		N							
5. Has there been any consultation/engagement with the appropriate protected characteristics? YES				YES [YES □ NO ⊠					
		-	disproportionately negat aff are treated fairly and con	-	t, if any? E	nsure challenç	ge and suppor	t to schools fro	m respective di	ivisions e.g. HR,
7. Procu		nce for this asse	essment, are there any pro	curement	implicatio	ons to the acti	vity, proposa	I, service.		
Please t	take the findings of t	his assessment	into your procurement pla	an. Contac	t the corp	orate procure	ment unit for	further advice).	
8. Huma	an resources									
	Following collation of evidence for this assessment, are there any Human resource implications to the activity, proposal or service? Schools will require HR support when remodelling/reducing staffing complement to ensure that all staff are treated fairly and consistently.									
function		ractice or a deci	nd 6, should this sion proceed to Detailed more H under section 2)	YES 🗵		NO 🗆				
Approve	ed by:			-		·				

Head of Service	Gareth Morgans	Date: 20-12-16